



PREFECT SHOT DOWN IN MOSCOW

Count Shuvaloff the Victim of Assassin's Bullet.

MURDERER UNDER ARREST

DARK OUTLOOK IN THE CAUCASUS REGION.

MOSCOW, July 11.—Major General Count Shuvaloff, prefect of police here, and formerly attached to the ministry of the interior, was assassinated this morning while receiving petitions. One of the petitioners drew a revolver and fired five times at the prefect, who fell dead. The assassin was arrested.

The assassin, who was dressed as a peasant, has not been identified. He was recently arrested and is now in custody but escaped from the police station before his examination.

The assassin waited in the ante-room of the prefecture until the prefect had received and then, entering the auditorium room, he advanced toward Count Shuvaloff, firing five shots at close range. The bullets passed through the body of the prefect.

Indignation and Sorrow.

A great crowd gathered in front of the house of Count Shuvaloff and made a demonstration to show its indignation and sorrow at the assassination of the prefect, who was very popular. Grand Duchess Elizabeth visited the house of Duke Sergius (assassinated in Moscow, Feb. 17 last), attended the first requiem for Count Shuvaloff tonight.

Count Shuvaloff owes his death to his custom of freely granting audiences and receiving petitions from all classes. One bullet wounded the count in the pericardium, another pierced his abdomen, a third struck him in the arm and the fourth in the shoulder, while the fifth bullet of the assassin struck the leg of an official who was standing near. According to the physicians the bullets were poison. The victim speedily lost consciousness and never spoke afterward.

POLITICAL CRIME.

Count Shuvaloff One of the Best Types of Russian Officials.

St. Petersburg, July 11.—The assassination of Prefect of Police Count Shuvaloff of Moscow is today considered to be a purely political crime, as the count was not yet 40 years of age and was regarded as being one of the best type of Russian officials. He came from one of the most famous families in Russia. The count was a son of Count Peter Shuvaloff, the statesman who represented Russia at the Berlin congress, and was formerly colonel of the guard regiment known as the St. Petersburg, and was one of the most popular of personal friends. As prefect of Odessa where he succeeded General Zelenoi, who was extremely severe, Count Shuvaloff earned the esteem of all by his firm but lenient course, making himself particularly popular with the students. The impression exists here that the count was killed for preserving order.

The count was not to be allowed to meet at Moscow July 19, although this act is simply in expectation of the orders of the governor general, issued previously to the assassination of the prefect.

Bloody Riot at Warsaw.

Warsaw, July 11.—Three bloody encounters between troops and riotous shoemakers in which about twenty persons were killed or wounded occurred today. The rioters were driven from the city from house to house demanding the lowering of rents by 20 percent. Many were hurt, out of fear, complied with the demands of the strikers.

Martial Law at Tiflis.

St. Petersburg, July 11.—Martial law has been proclaimed in the town and district of Tiflis, Caucasus.

Tiflis, Caucasus, July 11.—The streets and squares are occupied by troops but the city has been quiet since the proclamation of martial law. The official Gazette has resumed publication. The situation through the Caucasus continues critical. The people are in a state of great agitation.

Shops All Closed.

Batoum, Caucasus, July 11.—Business here is at a standstill. The shops and banks, with the exception of the Imperial bank, are closed.

KNOX AT OYSTER BAY

President Sends For the Pennsylvania Senator to Discuss Important Matters.

Oyster Bay, July 11.—Senator Knox of Pennsylvania is expected to arrive at the president at Sagamore Hill. He arrived from New York at 5:45 o'clock this afternoon, and, entering the president's carriage, which had been sent to meet him, drove at once to the president's home. The president's second son met Senator Knox at the station, and Archie and Quentin, the younger sons of the president, accompanied the senator to Sagamore Hill, together with Mrs. Richardson, who had come down from New York to continue her visit with Mrs. Roosevelt. Senator Knox said his visit, so far as he was aware, was of no special significance. He came by invitation of the president and did not know that the president desired to consider with him any particular subject. As a former member of President Roosevelt's cabinet, Senator Knox sustains close personal relations with him, and their conference is certain to relate to many important governmental matters. Arrangements practically have been completed for the presentation to the president of the next of Baron Rosen, the new Russian ambassador. Ambassador Rosen will be accompanied from Washington to Oyster Bay by Assistant Secretary of State H. D. Pierce, instead of Acting Secretary Adee as was proposed at first. It is expected that the visit of the president and the ambassador when the latter presents his credentials will be important and significant.

PATENTS ISSUED.

(Special to The Herald.) Washington, July 11.—The following patents have been issued: Idaho—John D. O'Brien, Mullan, hose coupling. Utah—Wilhelm G. Danielson, Logan, disk bearing for plows.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 6, 1870.

HOLMES MAY YET BE ROUNDED UP

President Determined to Punish the Guilty if Possible.

STATISTICIANS LOCKED UP

NO LEAK IN THE MONTHLY REPORT YESTERDAY.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Acting Attorney General Hoyt received from Secretary of Agriculture Wilson today the papers in the cotton report investigation. Subsequently the papers were placed in the hands of United States District Attorney Morgan H. Beach, who will probe into the whole subject and make a thorough inquiry embracing every detail connected with the compilation of the statistics involved. Mr. Beach declined to say anything on the subject when asked tonight, but it is understood that the investigation that he will conduct will be in earnest tomorrow and will cover both the legal and administrative features of the incident.

District Attorney Beach has already issued the report and will now take direction of the next proceedings looking to prosecutions of the guilty parties.

Mr. Hoyt stated today that he had been urged by Secretary Wilson to use any means at his command to get at the true condition and to bring all guilty parties to trial. Mr. Hoyt and Mr. Beach have already been in communication, and it will be determined whether there is any statute under which a criminal prosecution may be directed against Edwin S. Holmes, the former associate statistician of the department of agriculture, who was dismissed, it is alleged, because he "juggled" figures in the government crop estimates and furnished advance information to New York brokers against any others that may be found implicated. In case criminal prosecution is not possible, some other way to reach the guilty parties is to be sought.

Going Over the Papers.

The investigation conducted by District Attorney Beach will be pushed with vigor and without regard to persons who may be affected by it. Mr. Beach remained at his office until midnight. How long the investigation will last it is impossible to predict, but the impression is corroborated by the action of the district attorney that he will not delay in completing the task assigned him within the briefest possible time consistent with the nature of the task may be effected within a fortnight.

UNDER LOCK AND KEY.

Close Watch Being Kept Upon the Statisticians.

Washington, July 11.—The new system of preparing the monthly crop report, devised by Mr. Friedman, investigation began, was put in force today. That report was made public late this morning. Secretary Wilson believes that the steps taken to safeguard the figures were well nigh perfect. Early in the day Assistant Secretary Hays, Chief Statistician Hyde and several experts of the department were placed in a room under lock and key and were not permitted to leave until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The telephones in the room were disconnected and a careful search was kept of the windows to avoid the possibility of a leak through private signals. Communications of any sort have been cut off from the statisticians, and the secretary believes that so far as the cotton investigation report is concerned it is a closed incident.

TOPEKA BANK FAILURE

Receivers of the Devlin Property Doing the Best They Can For the Creditors.

Topeka, Kan., July 11.—The principal difficulty which is facing the receivers of the bankrupted case at present is the attempt on the part of the Illinois creditors of Mr. Devlin to have a trust company in Chicago appointed receiver of the property of the bankrupted case. Cyrus Leland and J. E. Hurley, who have been appointed receivers of the property of the bankrupted case, are combating this attempt. A conference was held this afternoon between Cyrus Leland and J. E. Hurley, receivers in bankruptcy, and J. P. Devlin, receiver of the estate of the bankrupted case, regarding the effect of placing the properties in Illinois of P. Devlin under the one receivership. Other matters of importance relating to the management of the properties have been discussed with the receivers. There will be no attempt to cut down the salaries of the receivers. On the contrary, sufficient employment cannot be secured and every effort is being made to increase the number carried on the payroll. There is heavy demand for coal and the full capacity is being worked. Receiver Bradley of the First National bank, refused to give his opinion upon the preferred creditorship of the state, until they make some sort of a move in that direction. I shall not go into the matter," he said. "I don't care to cross the river until I come to it. As a general proposition neither the United States, the state, the county nor the city is preferred creditor in national bank. That is simply taking away from its own nature. In an individual the United States has a first claim."

LYNCHING LIKELY.

★ Muskogee, I. T., July 11.—Sam ★ Morrow, a negro, has been placed ★ in jail here charged with having ★ assassinated a white man. ★ ★ Mary Coleman, a 15-year-old white ★ girl, there is much talk of ★ lynching.

RYAN HAS OTHER IRONS IN FIRE

Equitable Not His First Insurance Investment.

HE CONTROLS WASHINGTON

MUTUAL LIFE AND LEVI P. MORTON INTERESTED.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Chairman Morton of the Equitable Life Assurance society, in a circular letter, warns all officials and employees of the society not to discuss publicly the society's affairs.

"In the future, when there is anything to be said I will say it," is the concluding statement of Mr. Morton's letter.

Chance For Tarbell.

Chairman Morton announced today that he intended to retain the services of Second Vice President George A. Tarbell.

"Mr. Tarbell and I have agreed to work together for the present," said Mr. Morton. "He will have a chance to demonstrate his usefulness to the society along the lines of his special work, and then, if we do not agree later, why, one or the other of us will leave the society."

Mr. Morton also said that the resignation of Archibald C. Haynes, local agent of the Equitable, will not be accepted. He added that he expects Mr. Haynes to withdraw the resignation, which already has been presented to the chairman to take effect Jan. 1 next.

Ryan Controls Another Company.

The Evening Post today says that Thomas F. Ryan, in addition to his purchase of the Hyde stock of the Equitable society, also controls, with his associates, another life insurance company. The Evening Post says that Mr. Ryan and others who were associated with him in the Equitable purchases. From the time mentioned has had as director of the company of the Mutual Life Insurance company, who was given leave of absence for three months by President McCurdy of the Mutual when he was explained where he was to go, and by a vice president who happens also to be a vice president of the Morton Trust company, which, to say the least, has Mutual Life Insurance affairs.

"In February last general attention was attracted to the affairs of the Washington Life Insurance company, which was managed entirely in accordance with the desires of Mr. Ryan and others who were associated with him in the Equitable purchases. From the time mentioned has had as director of the company of the Mutual Life Insurance company, who was given leave of absence for three months by President McCurdy of the Mutual when he was explained where he was to go, and by a vice president who happens also to be a vice president of the Morton Trust company, which, to say the least, has Mutual Life Insurance affairs."

Mutual Life Interested.

Since Jan. 1 of the present year the affairs of the Washington Life Insurance company have been managed entirely in accordance with the desires of Mr. Ryan and others who were associated with him in the Equitable purchases. From the time mentioned has had as director of the company of the Mutual Life Insurance company, who was given leave of absence for three months by President McCurdy of the Mutual when he was explained where he was to go, and by a vice president who happens also to be a vice president of the Morton Trust company, which, to say the least, has Mutual Life Insurance affairs."

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Surplus Was Wiped Out.

"One of the first discoveries made by the investigators was that the company not only was not solvent, but that its surplus was wiped out, but its capital stock was impaired. However, the company was not insolvent, as the capital of the company to be increased to \$500,000, and this was done. The control of \$125,000 of stock was held by William A. Broder, Jr., and his associates, thus being given \$75,000 worth of stock to avoid the possibility of a leak through private signals. Communications of any sort have been cut off from the statisticians, and the secretary believes that so far as the cotton investigation report is concerned it is a closed incident."

Levi P. Morton's Option.

"It was when things were in this condition that Levi P. Morton, one of the oldest directors of the Washington Life, requested an option on the control of the stock (the existing \$125,000). As a director, Mr. Morton, president of the trust company that bears his name, was familiar with the details of the insurance department's examination. With this knowledge, he made his offer during the month of December, and almost immediately the offer was accepted. The details of the offer were placed in his hands and later those of the Equitable officials were placed in his hands. The details of the offer were placed in his hands and later those of the Equitable officials were placed in his hands."

Ryan's Offer Accepted.

"On Dec. 20 an offer was made by Mr. Ryan and associates for the purchase of the \$75,000 worth of new stock for \$62,500. The offer was accepted. Mr. Ryan contributed \$25,000, Levi P. Morton \$25,000 and Harry Payne Whitney, another director of the same company, contributed \$25,000. The money was deposited with the company of which Mr. Ryan is vice president. The usual depository of the Washington Life has hitherto been the Chatham National bank, but the new stock was placed at the end of December, 1904, or nearly 100 percent of all its assets. Shortly after the purchase by Mr. Ryan and his associates of the new stock the company was transferred to the Morton Trust company."

Officers Chosen.

"Having thus secured control of the company through the new stocks, Mr. Ryan immediately exercised the option given to him by Morton respecting the purchase of the par value of the stock which formerly had controlled the company. According to the connection which the Morton Trust company has with the Mutual Life, it was perhaps not surprising that Mr. Ryan should have looked in that direction when he came to choose a president for his new company. He picked up the then acting secretary of the Mutual Life, John T. Charles F. Allen, ex-governor of Porto Rico. Mr. Allen was then and is now the vice president of the Morton Trust company."

Meeting of Trustees.

A meeting of the trustees of the majority stock was held today. Names were selected for presentation to the next meeting of the board of directors for election. They were not made public, and although it was said that a suit had been filed to the county hospital several years ago. Many of the indictments are the result of confessions of Otto Selzer, the defendant in the National Cordage company case, a former county member of the county board, charged with offering a bribe of \$50 to Edward J. Pommering, a member of the state assembly, in 1901, to vote against the primary election bill. Pommering is indicted, charged with accepting the bribe.

SALT LAKE HERALD

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1905

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

LAST EDITION

WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE CITY.

Partly cloudy.
Silver, 58.56 per ounce.
Copper (casting), 14.96 per pound.
Gold, 133.25 per ounce.
New York, 84.

CASH MISSING IS \$19,657,578.90

Over 99 Per Cent of Money in Salt Lake County Disappears.

ASSESSOR FAILS TO FIND IT

HIS FIGURES ARE COMPARED WITH BANK STATEMENTS.

DURING the forty-two days that elapsed between May 29 and July 10 at least \$19,657,578.90, being more than 99 1-3 per cent of the cash belonging to citizens in Salt Lake county, disappeared. The police have not reported any unusual activity on the part of robbers, and the clearing house reports fail to indicate any outward movement of funds that would explain this condition. It is not claimed that deposits have fallen off, clearings have increased greatly and the business prosperity of the community in general has been excellent. The condition is, therefore, shown to be extremely mysterious, and, startling though it is, the actual disappearance of the \$19,657,578.90 is abundantly proved by the public records.

Statements Made by Banks.

May 29 official statements by private and national banks in Salt Lake county showed that \$19,657,578.90 belonging to various individuals was on deposit in the banks of the county. On July 10 the report of the county bank of Salt Lake county showed that but \$122,716 in money remained in Salt Lake county. This great shrinkage of the money of money owned by individuals in the county, of course, does not take into consideration the sums that repose in old stockpiles, in chimneys, under floors, buried in the back lots, etc. Were it possible to ascertain the exact amount of money in existence it would be even more appalling.

Where Is the Money.

It is clear, therefore, that some financial upheaval of which the public is ignorant took place within the forty-two days. The bank statements are sworn records and are, of course, not to be questioned. Yet still, and yet those pessimists who are not to be given consideration under any circumstances of such a thing, would claim that the money has been misappropriated by the assessors. All the wretched misanthropes above referred to will, on every confidence in the statements made to the assessor by the citizens of the county.

John Harden.

Where disappearance puzzles the officers. Harden is 35 years old, of medium height, has a gray beard, when last seen was wearing a black corded trousers, black jacket, striped shirt and an old hat.

His Front Teeth Out.

Mayor Helmhold Got the Worst of the Encounter Over Caleb Powers.

Newport, Ky., July 11.—As a result of a clash of authority between Jailer Ploeger of the Newport jail and Mayor Helmhold over Caleb Powers, former secretary of state, now in jail here, a fight broke out between the two men. The fight was a severe one, and both men have been arrested on warrants sworn out by the United States marshal. Two policemen are charged with resisting United States officers. The jailer and three assistants are charged with assault and battery.

Mayor Helmhold gave orders to have Powers' cell made more comfortable. The jailer resisted these attempts, and the prisoner was under the jurisdiction of the United States court and that the mayor had no authority over him. The fight was a severe one, and both men have been arrested on warrants sworn out by the United States marshal. Two policemen are charged with resisting United States officers. The jailer and three assistants are charged with assault and battery.

Possessed of Property.

The story of Harden's disappearance is far different from those of nine cases out of ten reported to the police. He and Mrs. Harden have been married three and one-half years. He came to Salt Lake City in 1901. All ago. He has some property and a little money. This he had saved during his stay in the United States. He was from conducting a cigar factory and his wife were on the best of terms. He was a very successful and planning ahead. He was still as unknown as when he was when he closed the door of his cottage Sunday morning.

True Bill Returned.

Grand Jury at Boise Getting at the Bottom of the Land Frauds.

Boise, Ida., July 11.—The special grand jury called to investigate land frauds in the Lewiston district today returned an indictment against Ivan R. Cornell of Portland. The indictment charges him with perjury in connection with a timber entry and with perjury in swearing that he got money from home, whereas he got it from George H. Kesler, the Lewiston banker. The first count charges the entry was made for the use and benefit of Mr. Kesler. Cornell was arrested and arraigned. He pleaded not guilty with the privilege of changing the plea later. He was before the grand jury yesterday and it is understood he made a clean breast of the whole matter. There is an impression that he will turn state's evidence. Several other witnesses were examined today.

Booths Chagrined.

Put Under Bonds After Failure to Kill Their Enemies.

(Special to The Herald.) Rawlins, Wyo., July 11.—Details of the pitched battle which was fought recently between Booth brothers and McFarland and McPhail near Saratoga, and for which trouble the Booths are now under bonds to keep the peace, have just come to light. There has been bad blood between the combatants for some time. Meeting, on the road near Saratoga, the Booths passed the other two without offering to fight. When 200 yards away McPhail and McFarland are alleged to have opened fire upon the Booths with rifles. The latter replied with pistols, but no damage was done. The Booths are alleged to have been treated accordingly. They were by the Saratoga authorities. There will be more trouble, and possibly bloodshed before the feud is closed.

IDAHO POSTMASTER.

(Special to The Herald.) Washington, July 11.—Oscar P. Allen has been appointed postmaster at Idaho, Nez Perce county, Idaho, vice O. W. Leggett, resigned.

NO TRACE FOUND OF JOHN HARDEN

Police Believe Missing Man Was Murdered, Probably For Money.

WIFE FEELS NO UNEASINESS

SHE BELIEVES THE CONSOLING WORDS OF SPIRIT MEDIUM.

While Salt Lake's police department and the sheriff's office are combing down the city for John Harden or his mutilated body, Mrs. Harden, reassured by occult voices, believes her husband is safe and will soon communicate with her. Harden, whose home is at 1038 West Third South street, disappeared Sunday morning with a good sum of money on his person. So far as trace is concerned, he may as well have dissolved in thin air. After two days' hard work the officers have obtained absolutely no news of his whereabouts.

Murder, with robbery as a motive, is suspected by the police. They believe Harden was killed by some of the boys through whose haunts he had to pass. Sheriff Emery hesitates between the idea of murder and wandering away. Harden is still a mystery. The law of the missing man, is inclined to share the belief of the police. Mrs. Harden said last evening:

"I was awfully worried at first. My mind is easy now. I believe my husband will be found. How do you come to that belief? A medium told me today that Mr. Harden was well, and that he would soon hear from him. She said he had gone away looking for work, and that no harm will come to him."

The police were notified Sunday afternoon of Harden's disappearance. Monday he had not returned. Systematic search was made by the police. Early Monday afternoon and Tuesday two deputy sheriffs, mounted on horses, searched the city for him. They were unsuccessful. Mrs. Harden was when he closed the door of his cottage Sunday morning.

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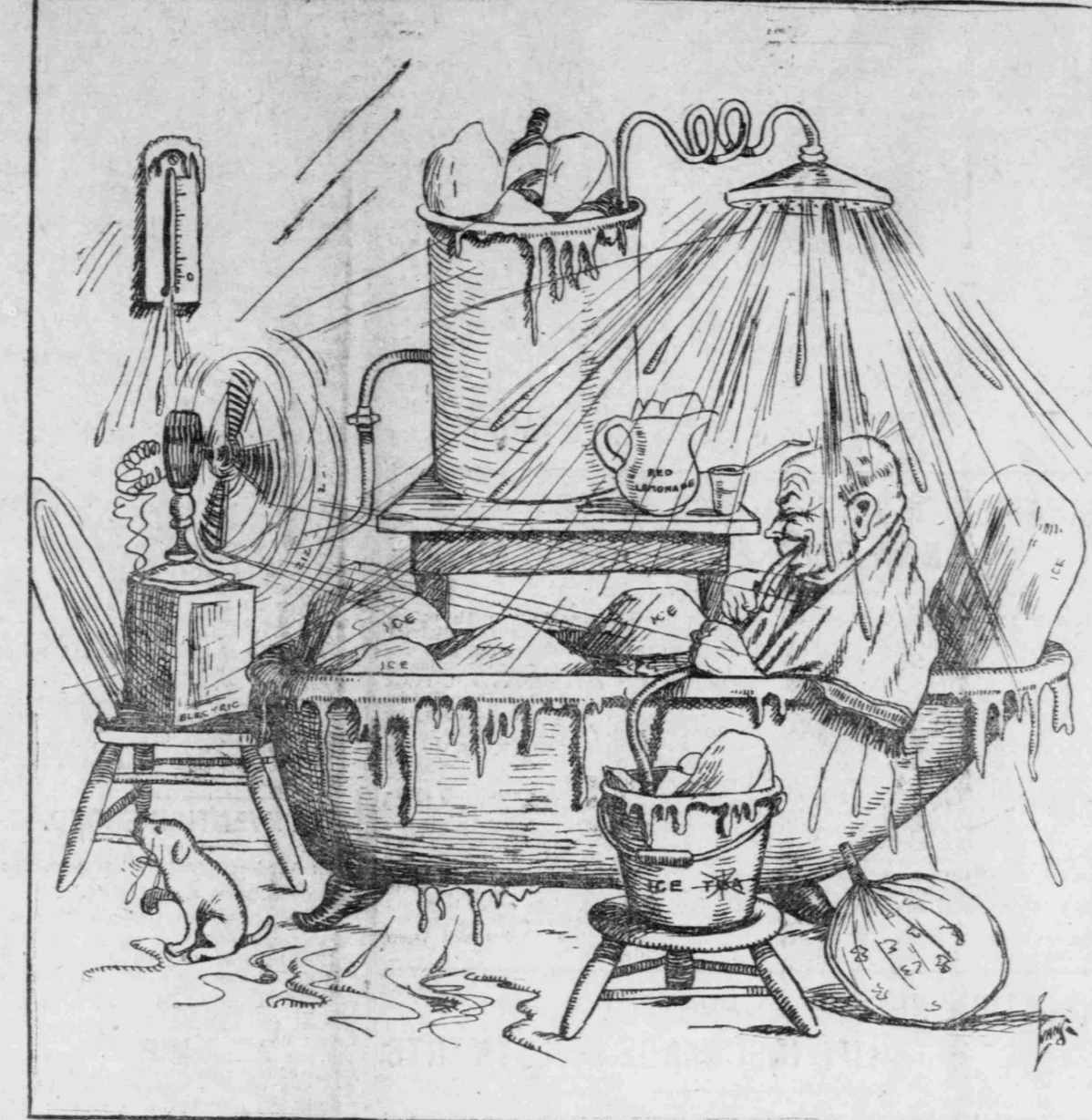
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PROSECUTION READS SOME LETTERS FIERCE ATTACK UPON COMBINE

Documents in the Land Fraud Cases Which Would Have Saved Congressman Williamson Trouble Had They Been Burned.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 11.—Aside from the testimony of three witnesses, Wilford J. Crane, George M. Gaylord and Christian Feuerhelm, to having met and conversed with Congressman J. N. Williamson relative to filing on timber claims and the act of the congressman in writing the number of their claims for them, the following letter, read by District Attorney Henry to show the relation between Dr. Gesner and Christian Feuerhelm, of his writing down the numbers of pieces of land upon which they were to file, and of his participation in a conference in Gesner's office where the contents of a newspaper article was discussed. This was the clipping from the Oregonian referred to earlier in the trial regarding Secretary Ilchcock's intended crusade against land frauds, and at which the plotters were to their intention of using the land for their own exclusive use and benefit, and extracted an admission from the congressman that he was to file, and of his participation in a conference in Gesner's office where the contents of a newspaper article was discussed. This was the clipping from the Oregonian referred to earlier in the trial regarding Secretary Ilchcock's intended crusade against land frauds, and at which the plotters were to their intention of using the land for their own exclusive use and benefit, and extracted an admission from the congressman that he was to file, and of his participation in a conference in Gesner's office where the contents of a newspaper article was discussed. This was the clipping from the Oregonian referred to earlier in the trial regarding Secretary Ilchcock's intended crusade against land frauds, and at which the plotters were to their intention of using the land for their own exclusive use and benefit, and extracted an admission from the congressman that he was to file, and of his participation in a conference in Gesner's office where the contents of a newspaper article was discussed. This was the clipping from the Oregonian referred to earlier in the trial regarding Secretary Ilchcock's intended crusade against land frauds, and at which the plotters were to their intention of using the land for their own exclusive use and benefit, and extracted an admission from the congressman that he was to file, and of his participation in a conference in Gesner's office where the contents of a newspaper article was discussed. This was the clipping from the Oregonian referred to earlier in the trial regarding Secretary Ilchcock's intended crusade against land frauds, and at which the plotters were to their intention of using the land for their own exclusive use and benefit, and extracted an admission from the congressman that he was to file, and of his participation in a conference in Gesner's office where the contents of a newspaper article was discussed. This was the clipping from the Oregonian referred to earlier in the trial regarding Secretary Ilchcock's intended crusade against land frauds, and at which the plotters were to their intention of using the land for their own exclusive use and benefit, and extracted an admission from the congressman that he was to file, and of his participation in a conference in Gesner's office where the contents of a newspaper article was discussed. This was the clipping from the Oregonian referred to earlier in the trial regarding Secretary Ilchcock's intended crusade against land frauds, and at which the plotters were to their intention of using the land for their own exclusive use and benefit, and extracted an admission from the congressman that he was to file, and of his participation in a conference in Gesner's office where the contents of a newspaper article was discussed. This was the clipping from the Oregonian referred to earlier in the trial regarding Secretary Ilchcock's intended crusade against land frauds, and at which the plotters were to their intention of using the land for their own exclusive use and benefit, and extracted an admission from the congressman that he was to file, and of his participation in a conference in Gesner's office where the contents of a newspaper article was discussed. This was